Name:

Date:

Lab - The Law of Conservation of Mass

<u>Objective</u>: To verify the law of conservation of mass by comparing the mass of the reactants and products of a reaction.

<u>Materials</u> : lead (II) nitrate	potassium iodide
Equipment: beakers (capacity: 150 mL to 250 mL) filter paper oven weighing dishes	Erlenmeyer flask (capacity does not matter) funnel balance spatula

Procedure:

- 1. Obtain a filter paper and record its mass.
- 2. In a weighing dish, mass 0.33 g of potassium iodide.
- 3. Place this solid into a beaker.
- 4. In a second weighing dish, mass 0.33 g of lead (II) nitrate.
- 5 Place this solid into a second beaker.
- 6. Fill a graduate cylinder with 100 mL of water. Pour half into one beaker and half into a second beaker.
- 7. Stir these beakers until the solid is dissolved.
- 8. Add the contents of one beaker to another and note the changes that take place.
- 9. Place a funnel inside an Erlenmeyer flask. Fold a filter paper in quarters and place inside the funnel.
- 10. Swirl the beaker contents and pour into the filter paper until the solid is filtered out.
- 11. If necessary, rinse the beaker and pour into the flask until the solid is gone.
- 12. Label a watch glass, place the filter paper on a watch glass and place in the oven.
- 13. Keep an eye on the filter paper, and when it is dry, remove from the oven.
- 14. Record the mass of the filter paper and precipitate.

<u>Data</u>:

Create a data table for all values that need to be recorded.

Analysis/Calculations:

Calculate the percent yield, keeping in mind the theoretical yield is 0.46 g.